DETECTING A SIGNIFICANT EVENT IN EXPERIMENTAL DATA AND USE OF SUCH FOR DETECTION OF ENGAGEMENT DURING A MECHANICAL TEST

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

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A method of determining onset of a significant event, such as point of engagement, in experimental such as data measured during indenter tensile/compression tests. The measured data is processed by differentiation and/or integration to generate a plurality of processed series. The method includes setting an upper bound and a lower bound based on thresholds selected as multiples of a standard deviation. The significant event is determined from one or both of the upper and lower bounds. The method can include calculating an uncertainty for the significant event determination.